

MFL Knowledge and Skills Progression map

MFL curriculum threads								
Listening		Speaking	g Read	Reading		Grammar		
		Year 3	Year 4		Year 5	Year 6		
NC Dbjectives	develop accu	ences, using familiar vo rate pronunciation and r vocabulary and develo		lerstand whe	n they are reading aloud or u	sing familiar words and phrases ar written material, including through		
Listening	To understand very short passages of spoken language that they hear. To match the language they hear to images and/or words that they have been taught in their lessons. To listen to short, familiar stories and songs in the foreign language		Listen for longer periods of time. Begin to understand very short passages of spoken language, based on taught language with more new language weaved in. Use and understand better what they hear to complete the tasks set.	Listen for much longer periods of time and more frequently during lessons.		Understand longer, more complex passages of spoken language that is based on taught language with much more new and unfamiliar language weaved in.		
Speaking	work on building u Repeat & then rec pronunciation and nouns & articles fr and 'Fruits', Build up a bank of can relate to and u language. Build on the abow short, spoken sim person singular of Examples include violin', 'I like apple carrots please', 'I' Move from single phrase Engage in short, si using supported si and role play activ Ask and answer a questions in the ta your? 'I am year Give a simple posi opinion in spoken	variety of simple key arget language: 'What is name is' 'How old are	Build up a larger bank of spoken vocabulary. Memory skills are more developed so the quantity of nouns will be recalled and re-used. Be able to recall and recycle more spoken target language easier, more quickly and with greater accuracy Create longer and more complex spoken sentences within a topic. Learn how to use scaffolds and reference materials to improve their range of spoken vocabulary. Develop and learn short spoken sentences with accurate pronunciation, retention and recall. To include verbs, adjectives and conjunctions in their spoken sentences. Create longer spoken sentences using first person verb conjugations To accurately use conjunctions and adjectives Quicker and more accurate recall of the core language Expand upon the spoken phrases they use regarding: personal details (name, age, where I live), colours, months of the year, days of the week etc. Good spoken fluency, accuracy and recall of key language. Key spoken language phrases include: 'hello', 'goodbye', 'my name is', 'I am years old', 'I live in', 'How are you?', 'I am well', 'please', 'thank you'.	questions usin Keep a conver more probing as: "What is ye "Where do you sisters?" "Whe pet?" etc. Developed sp language and Known langua sophisticated. Ability to reca recalling chun than simply ju articles. Speak with im using full sent variety of topi To manipulate language and from topic to Express more Move from speaking in th about themse (speaking abo	earn that language is transferable	Engage in longer conversations on a much wider range of topics. Be able to accurately and easily use transferable language along with the new vocabulary they learn in our Progressive units. Be able to recall key regular and irregular verbs, adjectives and conjunctions and use them accurately in different Quickly and easily use and give a variety of positive and negative opinions in spoken form. Use vocabulary skills that include a justification for their opinion in units including: 'At School' and 'The Weekend'. Pronounce unknown words they see in the target language by applying the speaking and pronunciation knowledge they have learnt .		

Reading	Find key words in a sentence, circling	recalling from memory songs and raps. Pronounce and recite the short poems and rhymes provided in the 'Phonetics' unit. Read short passages of text based on the units	Improve and develop their reading skills further by tackling and	Read longer, more authentic passages of text.
	key nouns and articles in word puzzles and word searches. Identify cognates (words that are similar in English and the foreign language) Learn how to decode written text they are presented with.	they are studying. To understand most of what they read. To decode passages of text they are presented with by finding the language they are familiar with, applying their knowledge to language they are less familiar with and learning to use a dictionary to understand language that is new to them. More challenging reading exercises.	understanding longer passages of written text More challenging reading exercises. Using familiar story telling units Develop and progress their foreign language reading ability and skills	Confident in their ability to decode text they read. Use a dictionary for language they are less familiar with if necessary. Read and decode extended passages of foreign language Read age appropriate passages of much longer authentic foreign language written text and understand words and meaning Complete reading tasks containing more complicated and, at times, unknown/ unseen language
Writing	To translate from the foreign language into English To translate simple nouns and articles from the foreign language into English with high accuracy and also from English into the foreign language with good accuracy.	Use a dictionary to double check the spelling and meaning of new or unknown language to be used in their written tasks. To create written sentences using 1st & possibly 3 rd person singular form and 1st & possibly 3rd person plural form incorporating a wider variety of common verbs. Examples: 'He is called', 'she is called', 'they are called' etc.	To translate short sentences from the foreign language into English with high accuracy and also from English into the foreign language. To use a dictionary to improve their knowledge of genders when introduced to unknown nouns. To use a dictionary to improve general knowledge of vocabulary and expands the general knowledge of the language. To use a dictionary with more ease and frequency to double check spelling or research language to be used in their written tasks.	To write from memory about themselves and others (using both 1st person and 3rd person format) incorporating a greater variety of verbs (both regular and irregular). Translating longer sentences and short passages from the foreign language into English with high accuracy and from English into the foreign language with good accuracy. To use sound grammatical knowledge and use a dictionary to confirm the gender and plurality of nouns, the use and spelling of the different articles, correct use and spelling of possessives, adjectival agreement and both regular verb conjugations. To use their transferable language skills and a dictionary to translate age-appropriate simple passages. To describe people, places and feelings in written form in detail and with high accuracy through units such as: 'At School' and 'The Weekend'

Grammar				Ţ]
Grammar	To understand the concept of gender. To start to understand the concept of nouns and articles. To have better knowledge & recall of 1 st person singular of high frequency verbs such as I am, I have, I live, I am called, I play.	To understand better the use of the possessives, first person and possibly other forms too. To understand better the concept of adjectives. That adjectives change depending on the gender and plurality of the noun. To use conjunctions / connectives. Improving sentence structure and length by learning to use simple conjunctions like "and" and "but". To understand better the use of the negative form. To change something from the positive into the negative. I have, I don't have. In my pencil there is. In my pencil case there is not. To introduce the concept	Improving sentence structure and length by learning to use simple conjunctions like "and" and "but". To understand better the use of the negative form. To change something from the positive into the negative. I have, I don't have. In my pencil there is. In my pencil case there is not. To introduce the concept of whole regular verb conjugation	To use opinions and justifications. Give a variety of positive and negative opinions in units such as School. What subjects they like or do not like but also explaining WHY. Introduced the concept of whole irregular verb conjugation. Use verb to go but also exploring other verbs like to have and to be in the irregular verb unit.
		To introduce the concept of whole regular verb conjugation		